

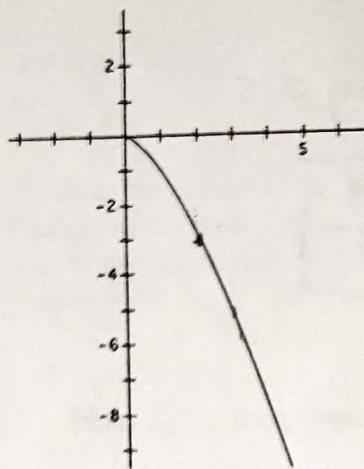
Analysis Quest 2019/20 I'm gonna power through this one Alan Lee

$\frac{25}{25} + 23$

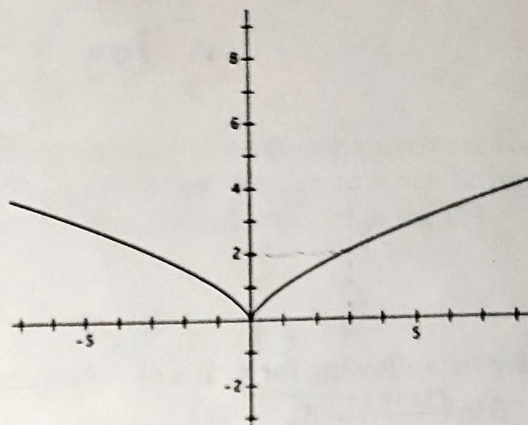
$\frac{+48}{48}$

No Calculator Page.

1. Below are the graphs of two power functions with rational exponents. Write a possible equation for each. There are many correct answers. [3 each]



a $y = -x^{\frac{2}{3}}$



b $y = x^{\frac{2}{3}}$

2. Sketch a graph of the following transformed logistic function clearly noting its y intercept, asymptotes and point of inflection. $f(x) = \frac{6}{1+5e^x} - 4$

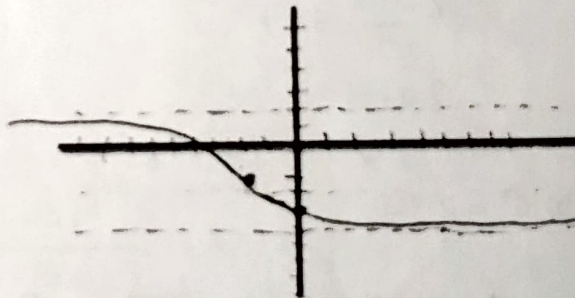
$$\frac{6}{1+5e^x} = 3$$

$$\frac{1}{1+5e^x} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$5e^x = 1$$

$$e^x = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$- \ln 5$$



y intercept $(0, -3)$

asymptotes: $y = 2, y = -4$

point of inflection (as an ordered pair) $(-\ln 5, -1)$

3. The population of Venice is shrinking by 4% every year. How long will it take until the population is cut in half?

$$n \text{ years: } (0.96)^n = 0.5$$

$$n \log 0.96 = \log 0.5$$

$$n = \boxed{\frac{\log 0.5}{\log 0.96}}$$

4. Solve the following for x. It's ok if your answers aren't super pretty. [3 each]

a) $3 + 5 \ln\left(\frac{2x+8}{7}\right) = 5$

$$5 \ln\left(\frac{2x+8}{7}\right) = 2$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{2x+8}{7}\right) = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{2x+8}{7} = e^{\frac{2}{5}}$$

$$2x+8 = 7e^{\frac{2}{5}}$$

$$2x = 7e^{\frac{2}{5}} - 8$$

$$x = \boxed{\frac{7e^{\frac{2}{5}} - 8}{2}}$$

b) $5^x = 2^{3x-5}$

$$x \log 5 = (3x-5) \log 2$$

$$x \log 5 = 3x \log 2 - 5 \log 2$$

$$x \log 5 = x \log 8 - 5 \log 2$$

$$5 \log 2 = x \log \frac{8}{5}$$

$$x = \boxed{\frac{5 \log 2}{\log 8 - \log 5}}$$

Calculator Section:

Name again Alan Lee

Turn in the No-calculator section before using your calculator on this section.

Round all final answers to at least 2 decimal places.

Potentially Useful formulas:

$$FV = R \frac{(1+i)^n - 1}{i}$$

$$PV = R \frac{1 - (1+i)^{-n}}{i}$$

1. Over the course of the last 15 years, the percentage of adults who smoke in the United States has decreased from 20.9% to 13.7%. Assume that this decrease can be modeled by yearly exponential decay. At what rate is the percentage of smokers in the US decreasing?

$$20.9(x)^{15} = 13.7$$

$$x = \sqrt[15]{\frac{13.7}{20.9}}$$

$$1-x = 0.0222$$

$$\underline{2.776\%}$$

$$x = 0.972236$$

2. You win the lottery!!! The state of California offers you two choices: A lump sum payment of \$10 million dollars right now OR \$1 million a year for 15 years. Assume that you can get an average yearly rate of return of 3% on your money. Which of these is a better deal financially? Make a mathematical argument using Present and/or Future values.

Present Value

Option 1 = \$10 million

$$\text{Option 2} = 1000000 \frac{1 - (1+0.03)^{-15}}{0.03} = \$1,937,935.08$$

Option 2 PV > Option 1 PV, so Option 2 is better

3. Felisha is planning for retirement and knows that she will need a million dollars in 18 years to live comfortably. Assuming that she can get an average yearly rate of return of 4% on her money, how much should she be putting away **each month** for her to reach her goal in 18 years?

$$18 \text{ years} = 216 \text{ months}$$

Future Value

$$1000000 = R \frac{(1 + \frac{0.04}{12})^{216} - 1}{\frac{0.04}{12}}$$

$$\underline{\$3168.64}$$

$$1000000 = 315.542 R$$

$$R \approx \$3168.64$$

4a) Your buddy Chachi owes you \$2000, but is paying you back \$75 each month. Because you are a swell dude/dudette, you are only charging him 1% yearly interest. How many months will it take Chachi to pay you back?

Present Value

$$2000 = 75 \frac{1 - (1 + \frac{0.01}{12})^{-n}}{\frac{0.01}{12}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} n \log 0.999167 \\ &= \log 0.975 \\ n &= \frac{\log 0.975}{\log 0.999167} \end{aligned}$$

$$0.02222 = 1 - (1 + \frac{0.01}{12})^{-n}$$

$$(1 + \frac{0.01}{12})^{-n} = 0.975$$

$$0.999167^n = 0.975$$

$$\begin{aligned} n &\approx 26.9787 \\ &\text{round to 2} \\ &\rightarrow 26.98 \end{aligned}$$

26.98 months

4b) Chachi has a theory: If he can double his payment every month (to \$150), he will cut the time that it will take him to pay it back **in half**. Justify mathematically whether you agree or disagree with Chachi, clearly showing your calculations.

Present Value

$$2000 = 150 \frac{1 - (1 + \frac{0.01}{12})^{-n}}{\frac{0.01}{12}}$$

$$0.01 = 1 - (1 + \frac{0.01}{12})^{-n}$$

$$0.99 = 0.999167^n$$

$$\frac{\log 0.99}{\log 0.999167} = n$$

$$n \approx 13.4135$$

$$13.4135 < \frac{1}{2} (26.98) = 13.49$$

as such, it will take him

less than half the time

\therefore I disagree.

5. Consider a logistic equation in the form $y = \frac{A}{1 + Be^{-kt}}$. The carrying capacity of the population is 100. The initial population (at $t = 0$) is 10, and after 4 years, the population increased to 20. Solve for A, B, and k clearly showing your work.

$$A = \frac{100}{1}$$

$$B = 9$$

$$k = 0.2027$$

$$\frac{100}{1 + B} = 10$$

$$B = 9$$

$$20 = \frac{100}{1 + 9e^{-4k}}$$

$$e^{-4k} = \frac{4}{9}$$

$$e^{4k} = \frac{9}{4}$$

$$4k = \ln \frac{9}{4}$$

$$k = \ln \frac{9}{4} / 4$$

$$1 + 9e^{-4k} = 5$$

$$9e^{-4k} = 4$$