77 points

**For this whole exam, we're working in 2D, unless 3D is specified in the question.

Multiple Choice [3 pts each]

1. Given z in the third quadrant,

a)
$$Re(z) < 0$$

b)
$$Re(z) > 0$$

c)
$$Re(z) = 0$$

- b) Re(z) > 0 c) Re(z) = 0 d) Not enough info
- 2. Given z in the third quadrant,

a)
$$Im(z^2) < 0$$

b)
$$Im(z^2) > 0$$

c)
$$Im(z^2) = 0$$

- b) $Im(z^2) > 0$ c) $Im(z^2) = 0$ d) Not enough info
- 3. The rotation group of a triangular prism contains how many elements?

4. Which matrix will take a pre-image, shear in the y-direction by 3, and then rotate by 30 degrees?

a)
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{3\sqrt{3}+1}{2} & \frac{3-\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

a)
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{3\sqrt{3}+1}{2} & \frac{3-\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$
 b) $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{3\sqrt{3}+1}{2} & \frac{-3+\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{bmatrix}$ c) $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{3\sqrt{3}-1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{3+\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{bmatrix}$ d) $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}-3}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1+3\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{bmatrix}$

c)
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & -\frac{3\sqrt{3}-1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{3+\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

d)
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}-3}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1+3\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

5. Working in the 3D system, which matrix will take a pre-image and rotate it 90 degrees around the yaxis?

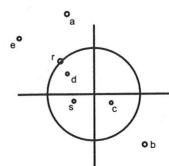
a)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 b) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ c) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ d) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

b)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

c)
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$d) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 6. Given complex numbers r and s below and the given unit circle, which complex number most closely represents rs?
 - a) a
 - b) b
 - c) c
 - d) d
 - e) e



Multiple Choice (continued):

7. The set of all points in a line is the same size as to the set of (circle ALL that apply)... c) rational numbers a) points in a plane b) integers e) points on a line segment d) real numbers For Ouestions 8 and 9, refer to the following matrices: $A = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$ $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ 8. What is the order of the group generated by matrix A? b) 4 c) 6 d) 12 e) 24 a) 2 9. Matrix AB is a d) rotation by 30 degrees a) Rotation by 60 degrees b) reflection over the line y = x tan 120e) reflection over the line $y = x \tan 60$ c) reflection over the line y =xtan30 d) For Questions 10-12, refer to the matrices $C = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $D = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 10. If we just use matrix C as a generator, we make c) a group with order 4 b) a group with order 2 a) not a group e) an uncountably infinite group d) a countably infinite group 11. If we just use matrix D as a generator, we make _____ c) a group with order 4 b) a group with order 2 a) not a group e) an uncountably infinite group d) a countably infinite group 12. If we use both matrices C and D as generators, we make _____ c) a group with order 8 b) a group with order 4 a)) not a group e) an uncountably infinite group d) a countably infinite group

Free Response

1. Below, are two beautiful members of the 5 post group [2 each]

Q: X X

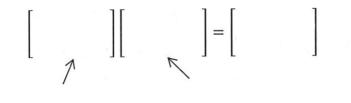
R: >

- a) State the period of Q _____
- b) State the period of R _____
- c) Draw Q o R (Q snap R where R goes first) to the right:



d) Draw the inverse of R

- e) How many elements total are there in the five post snap group?
- f) Would element R generate the entire 5 post group? Explain how you know.
- 2. Show using matrix multiplication that you can produce a counterclockwise rotation of 120 degrees by a sequence of two particular reflections. For this problem, each element in each matrix should be a number (not in terms of sine or cosine). Under each matrix, use words to describe what that particular matrix does (be specific).[3]

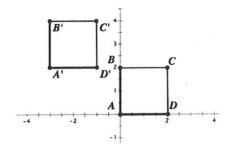


Descriptions:

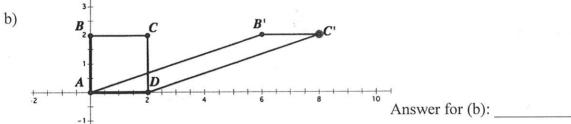
3. [4 pts] Write a single 3x3 matrix (yes, a 3 x 3!) that could be used to map the plane to the line $y = \frac{2}{3}x - 2$

4. Write a single matrix that would turn the pre-image square in each figure shown below (its side lengths are 2) into the corresponding image. [2 pts each]

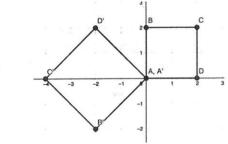
a)



Answer for (a):



c)



Answer for (c): _____

5. If $(z + 2i)^{15} = z^{15}$, then Im(z) = ? Explain with a diagram and a sentence. (3 pts)

6. Working in 3D, consider the following transformation matrices

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$E = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

a) How many elements are in the group generated by...[2 each]

{D} _	{E	}	{D :	and E)	
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- 7. Working in 3D, given $F = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
 - a) What transformation does F do? [2]
 - b) Would F alone generate a group? Explain why or why not [2]

8. As we learned first semester, we can write the equation of a parabola parametrically as (t, t^2) .

Use matrix transformations to find the parametric equation of the same parabola after a rotation of 30 degrees counterclockwise. [3]