Motion - solutions

- 1. A particle is moving along a straight line with $v(t) = 3t^2 10t + 5$ where v is measured in feet per second.
- a) $v'(t) = a(t) = 6t 10 \ v'(0) = -10 \ f/s^2$. At t = 0 its velocity is decreasing by 10 ft/s every second.
- b) $d(t) = t^3 5t^2 + 5t + C$ where C is some constant. The + C makes sense because its derivative is zero. Also, just because you know the particle's velocity doesn't tell you anything about where it starts.
- c) You just found an antiderivative (or indefinite integral)
- d) Given the point d(0)=7; $d(t) = t^3 5t^2 + 5t + 7$
- e) See next slide

- 2. Unicycle ride:
- a) Sketch the graph of acceleration a(t).
- b) What distance did the unicycle travel in the first 6 seconds?

 definite integral (area under the curve) = 60 feet
- c) What happened between t = 6 and t = 16?

 velocity is negative, so the unicycle is going backwards.
- d) When was the unicycle speeding up? (it happened twice)
 the unicycle is speeding up from t = 6 to t = 10, and from
 t = 16 to t = 20. v and a are both the same sign here.
- e) Was the unicycle ever stopped?

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Yes, v = 0 at t = 6 and t = 16
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f) What was her displacement at t = 20 seconds?

definite integral = 15 feet. She is 15 feet from her starting point.